Financial condition report 2023

Helvetia Group

30 April 2024



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Disclaimer: Analyst Presentation

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Please note:

Sums in this presentation are based on unrounded figures and may not add up due to rounding differences. Likewise, year-on-year changes are calculated on the basis of unrounded figures.



Excellent solvency position with an SST ratio of 288%

| (in CHF million, as of 1 January) | 2023 ¹⁾ | 2024 | ∆ 24/23 |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|-------|----------------|
| Risk-bearing capital | 9,659 | 9,193 | -466 |
| Target capital | 2,921 | 3,189 | +268 |
| SST ratio | 331% | 288% | -43% pts |

SST ratio on a strong level decreasing compared to prior year:

Decrease of **risk-bearing capital** mainly driven by capital market developments (FX and decrease in interest rates) and exceptionally high claims from natural catastrophes and large claims events in 2023, partially offset by strong equity market performance, falling credit spreads, current investment income and a profitable new business mix in life business

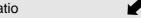
Details on <u>slide 5</u>

Higher target capital mainly attributable to capital market
developments (especially driven by lower interest rates and higher
equity risk) and an increase in non-life underwriting risk due to the
growth in natural catastrophe exposures and higher retentions for 2024
Details on slide 6

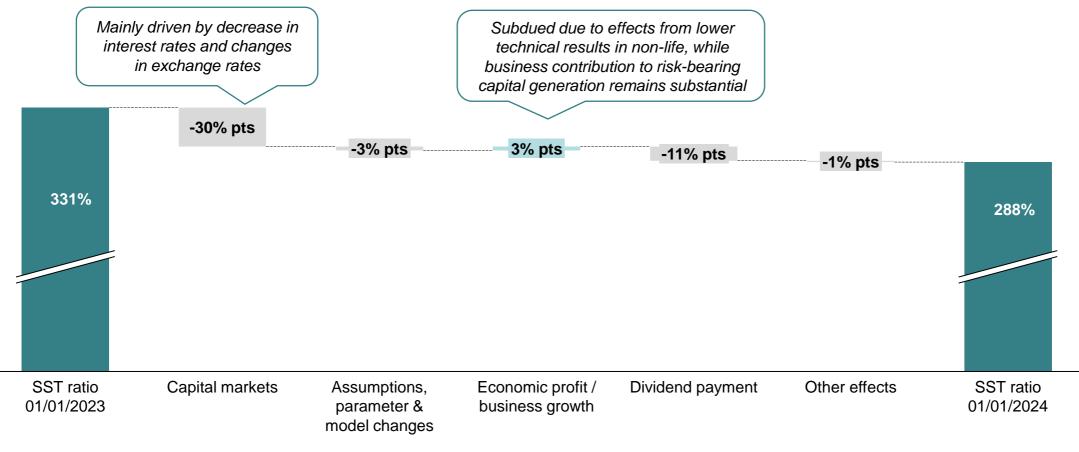
Strong capitalisation and a balanced risk position reinforcing resilience

¹⁾ Prior year adjusted for a change in regulation in terms of the risk margin: From 2024, the risk margin is part of the market-consistent valuation of insurance liabilities instead of considered in target capital





Decrease in SST ratio on high level mainly driven by development of capital markets





Slight reduction in risk-bearing capital mainly due to capital market developments

| (in CHF million, as of 1 January) | 2023 ¹⁾ | 2024 | ∆ 24/23 |
|---|---------------------------|-------|----------------|
| IFRS equity ²⁾ | 3,777 | 3,641 | -136 |
| Valuation differences | 5,000 | 4,613 | -387 |
| thereof CSM | 3,942 | 4,031 | +89 |
| thereof risk margin | -746 | -840 | -94 |
| Difference between assets and liabilities (SST valuation) | 8,777 | 8,254 | -523 |
| Deductions ³⁾ | -785 | -786 | -1 |
| Supplementary capital | 1,668 | 1,725 | +57 |
| Risk-bearing capital | 9,659 | 9,193 | -466 |

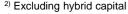
Main positive effects on risk-bearing capital:

- Strong equity market performance
- · Falling credit spreads
- Overall positive performance of the investment property portfolio
- Current investment income
- Underwriting results in non-life and improved new business mix in life business

Offsetting effects on risk-bearing capital:

- · Appreciation of the Swiss franc against the euro and US dollar
- Decrease in risk-free interest rates, particularly in Swiss francs
- Exceptional level of claims from natural catastrophes and large claims events in 2023
- · Updated assumptions in life business
- Reduction in the ultimate forward rate based on updated regulatory requirements
- Proposed dividend distribution for the 2023 financial year

¹⁾ Prior year adjusted for a change in regulation in terms of the risk margin: From 2024, the risk margin is part of the market-consistent valuation of insurance liabilities instead of considered in target capital



³⁾ Expected dividend payments and taxes on property gains and transfers



e negative effect on SST ratio

Higher capital requirements mostly resulting from lower risk-free interest rates and higher equity risk

| (in CHF million, as of 1 January) | 2023 ¹⁾ | 2024 | ∆ 24/23 |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|--------|----------------|
| Underwriting risk life | 853 | 964 | +111 |
| Unterwriting risk non-life | 852 | 935 | +83 |
| Diversification effects | -376 | -425 | -49 |
| Total underwriting risk | 1,328 | 1,474 | +146 |
| Interest rates | 665 | 813 | +148 |
| Spreads | 1,607 | 1,537 | -70 |
| Equities | 369 | 486 | +117 |
| Foreign exchange rates | 299 | 281 | -18 |
| Real estate | 968 | 939 | -29 |
| Other market risk | 77 | 61 | -16 |
| Diversification effects | -1,509 | -1,596 | -87 |
| Total market risk | 2,477 | 2,521 | +44 |
| Credit risk | 1,087 | 1,119 | +32 |
| Diversification effects | -1,039 | -1,127 | -88 |
| Other effects | -932 | -798 | +134 |
| Total target capital | 2,921 | 3,189 | +268 |

Main positive effects on target capital:

- Spread risk: Impact of interest rate and spread developments outweighed by exchange rate effects, a higher credit quality of the bond portfolio and other effects.
- Currency risk: Reduced net exposure in EUR and USD
- Real estate risk: Decrease driven by changes in exchange rates and property sales, partly offset by revaluation due to the favourable market situation

Offsetting effects on target capital:

- Life risk: Increase primarily driven by lower risk-free interest rates
- Non-life risk: Increase mainly due to growth in NatCat exposures and higher retentions
- Interest rate risk: Higher duration mismatch due to lower risk-free interest rates
- Equity risk: Increase resulting from strong market performance amplified by market-driven reduction in the hedging effect and active reduction in equity hedging
- Credit risk: Increase predominantly due to higher market values of bonds as a result of lower risk-free interest rates and credit spreads.
- Other effects: Expected technical result in non-life influenced by higher claims projections and costs.

¹⁾ Prior year adjusted for a change in regulation in terms of the risk margin: From 2024, the risk margin is part of the market-consistent valuation of insurance liabilities instead of considered in target capital



negative effect on SST ratio



SST sensitivities

| Market risk sensitivities | Shift | △ RBC (in CHF million) 31/12/2022 | ∆ SST ratio ¹⁾ (RBC effect only) 31/12/2022 | ∆ SST ratio 31/12/2022 | ∆ RBC (in CHF million) 31/12/2023 | ∆ SST ratio ¹⁾ (RBC effect only) 31/12/2023 | ∆ SST ratio 31/12/2023 |
|--------------------------------------|--------|--|--|----------------------------------|--|--|----------------------------------|
| Interest rates ²⁾ | -50 bp | -67 | -3% pts | -16% pts | -171 | -5% pts | -17% pts |
| Spreads ³⁾ | +50 bp | -691 | -24% pts | -21% pts | -698 | -22% pts | -21% pts |
| Equities | -10 % | -201 | -7% pts | +3% pts | -221 | -7% pts | +2% pts |
| Real estate | -10 % | -1,108 | -38% pts | -34% pts | -1,062 | -33% pts | -29% pts |
| FX EUR/CHF | -10 % | -79 | -3% pts | | -83 | -3% pts | |
| FX USD/CHF | -10 % | -77 | -3% pts | | -67 | -2% pts | |
| Life insurance risk sensitivities | Shift | ∆ R (in CHF mill 31/12/20 | lion) (RBC | effect only) 1/12/2022 | ∧ RBC (in CHF million) 31/12/2023 | ∆ SST ratio ¹⁾ (RBC effect only) 31/12/2023 | |
| Longevity | +10 % | -1 | 171 | -6% pts | -207 | -6% pts | |
| Disability | +10 % | | -41 | -2% pts | -58 | -2% pts | |
| Reactivation | -10 % | | -46 | -2% pts | -55 | -2% pts | |
| Costs | +10 % | -2 | 271 | -10% pts | -321 | -10% pts | |
| Lapse | +10 % | | -68 | -3% pts | -59 | -2% pts | |

¹⁾ Only own funds (RBC) sensitivities included; excl. effect on target capital

²⁾ Without intragroup loans; for subsidiaries in the EU, the yield curves defined by the European supervisory authority are used to determine the interest rate sensitivity

³⁾ Spread-sensitive investments are defined as interest-bearing investments with the exception of "AAA"-rated government bonds, bonds issued by multilateral development banks, mortgages,

policy loans and mortgage-backed bonds



Walk from IFRS to SST capital

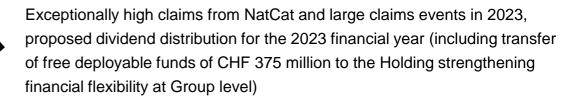
SST ratio: 288% as of 01/01/2024 (in CHF million; as of 01/01/2024) 1,725 582 -786 CSM 4,031 9,193 7,468 Equity¹⁾ 3,641 IFRS Valuation differences SST risk-bearing capital Deductions SST core capital Supplementary captial Pre-tax view under SST Deferred tax assets and liabilites 307 Investments and real estate 809 Valuation differences SST vs. IFRS Valuation differences and eligibility of future policyholder **Technical provisions** -527 bonus as solvency capital The risk margin is only recognised as a liability in the SST **Risk margin** -840 Goodwill and other intangible assets -1,602 Not eligible as solvency capital Other assets and liabilities 2,435 Valuation differences SST vs. IFRS Valuation differences 582 helvetia

Your Swiss Insurer

Helvetia Versicherungen: SST ratio of 298%

| (in CHF million, as of 1 January) | 2023 ¹⁾ | 2024 | ∆ 24/23 |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|-------|----------------|
| Risk-bearing capital | 5,696 | 5,439 | -257 |
| Target capital | 1,613 | 1,828 | +215 |
| SST ratio | 353% | 298% | -55% |

Risk-bearing capital:



Transition to accounting standards IFRS 17/9 and adjustment of the valuation model for participations (EU subsidiaries) with a countereffect on target capital and thus no major impact on the SST ratio

Positive effects from equity market performance, lower interest rates and credit spreads, and stable investment income and technical result (apart from extraordinary NatCat claims in 2023)

Target capital:



Substantial increase in participation risk due to the introduction of IFRS 17/9 and the further development of the valuation model for participations (with a compensating effect on risk-bearing capital)



Significantly higher expected financial result due to a planned additional capital transfer from Helvetia Leben

¹⁾ Prior year adjusted for a change in regulation in terms of the risk margin: From 2024, the risk margin is part of the market-consistent valuation of insurance liabilities instead of considered in target capital



= negative effect on SST ratio

Helvetia Leben: SST ratio of 228%

| (in CHF million, as of 1 January) | 2023 ¹⁾ | 2024 | ∆ 24/23 |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|-------|----------------|
| Risk-bearing capital | 4,867 | 4,207 | -660 |
| Target capital | 1,667 | 1,844 | +177 |
| SST ratio | 292% | 228% | -64% |

Risk-bearing capital:

Adjustments to actuarial assumptions, reduction in the ultimate forward rate (UFR) and proposed dividend for the 2023 financial year (including transfer of free deployable funds to the Holding strengthening financial flexibility at Group level)

Capital market developments, especially the decline in risk-free interest rates in CHF and the appreciation of the Swiss franc against all other major currencies

Positive effects from a strong equity market performance, property revaluations and business development (particularly an improved new business mix)

Target capital:



Significantly higher market, underwriting and credit risk reflecting capital market movements (especially lower risk-free interest rates)

¹⁾ Prior year adjusted for a change in regulation in terms of the risk margin: From 2024, the risk margin is part of the market-consistent valuation of insurance liabilities instead of considered in target capital



